

Fact sheet

October 2019

Tetramorium species

Summary

Native *Tetramorium* species never present as pests, but there are two exotic *Tetramorium* species that can become a nuisance due to high numbers and their ability to sting.

Where are they found?

Most *Tetramorium* species nest in decaying wood, leaf- litter, or directly in the ground. These ants rarely enter the home. They are attracted to fats or oily food and are often associated with pet food bowls and barbeque areas.



Damage

These ants rarely cause any damage and seldom come indoors. They can cause a nuisance when found in high numbers foraging around pet food or barbeque areas and by blocking sprinklers or as a general garden pest.

Treatment

Remove the food sources that attract them. If further control is necessary, apply residual sprays registered for ants to nesting sites such as lawn edges. These can be obtained from outlets such as supermarkets, garden centres and hardware stores. Read product labels and apply as directed.

Watch out!

Ants are often difficult to identify! There are a number of ants that have not established in Western Australia, but could significantly impact our outdoor lifestyle and WA's agricultural industries and environment. See overleaf for reportable species!

Exotic ant threats to WA

Under the *Biosecurity and Agriculture Management Act 2007* (BAM Act) the introduction of these ants into WA is prohibited and **any suspect sightings must be reported**. Below are a few species we are particularly concerned about.



Browsing ant (Lepisiota frauenfeldi)

Native to southern Europe, they thrive in a Mediterranean climate and are ideally suited to Australian conditions. These aggressive ants form multi-queened super-colonies, quickly reaching very high populations and displacing native ant species and other invertebrates. They are also a significant horticultural and domestic pest. There have been a number of incursions in Australia, although all known infestations are under eradication.









Red imported fire ants (Solenopsis invicta)

One of the most serious ant pests in the world. These ants are aggressive, particularly near the nest and inflict a painful sting. They are present in south east Queensland and they could accidently be imported into Western Australia.

Electric ants (Wasmannia auropunctata)

One of the world's worst invasive species, with a painful sting that will impact on outdoor lifestyle, the environment and agricultural industries. These ants are currently in northern Queensland and eradication efforts are underway.

Yellow crazy ants (Anoplolepis gracilipes)

Ability to spray formic acid which causes burning and irritates the skin and eyes of animals and humans. Found in the Pacific region and on Christmas Island, this ant has also spread extensively since arriving in Queensland.

Carpenter ants (Camponotus spp.)

Elsewhere in the world there are *Camponotus* species that are pests of timber and like termites, if left unchecked can cause extensive damage to structural timber and furniture.

Reporting options

Report unfamiliar, problematic or possible exotic pests via the options below:

- Pest and Disease Information Service (08) 9368 3080 or padis@dpird.wa.gov.au
- MyPestGuide[™] Reporter App
- mypestguide.agric.wa.gov.au

For more information, see agric.wa.gov.au/ants

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